# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



Pow-R-Wash™ CZ

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name : Pow-R-Wash™ CZ

Supplier : Chemtronics

8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152

Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244

**Synonym** : ES7300, ES7300C, ES7308, ES7308C

ES7300 (NSN 6850-01-436-4573)

Trade name : Pow-R-Wash™ CZ

**Manufacturer** : Chemtronics

8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152

Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244

Code : ES7300, ES7308, ES7300C, ES7308C

 MSDS #
 : 3103

 Validation date
 : 2/10/2015.

 Print date
 : 2/10/2015.

In case of emergency : Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887

24/7

Product type : Aerosol.

### 2. Hazards identification

**Emergency overview** 

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color : Clear. Colorless.

Odor : Ethereal.

Signal word : CAUTION!

Hazard statements : MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Precautionary measures : Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using

this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after

handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Harmful by inhalation. At very high concentrations, can displace the normal air and

cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Exposure to decomposition products may cause

a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

Skin : Moderately irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Moderately irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 2. Hazards identification

**Developmental effects** 

Fertility effects **Target organs** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver,

heart, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

dizziness/vertigo drowsiness/fatigue

headache

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin

> irritation redness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eyes

> irritation watering redness

**Medical conditions** aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
norflurane	811-97-2	10 - 40
Propane, 2-(difluoromethoxymethyl)-1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoro-	163702-08-7	10 - 20
Butane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-nonafluoro-4-methoxy-	163702-07-6	10 - 20
trans-dichloroethylene	156-60-5	5 - 20
methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

### 4. First aid measures

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### Notes to physician

 No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Flammability of the product

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

#### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
norflurane	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Propane, 2-(difluoromethoxymethyl)-1,1,1,2,3,3,	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
3-heptafluoro-	TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.
Butane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-nonafluoro-4-methoxy-	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.
trans-dichloroethylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 793 mg/m³ 8 hours.
methylcyclohexane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 1610 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 1600 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 2000 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1600 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Personal protection**

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Eyes** 

Skin

controls

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Hands : Chemical-resistant, impervious glo

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Flash point : [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Color : Clear. Colorless.

Odor : Ethereal.

Boiling/condensation point : 32°C (89.6°F)

Relative density : 1.5

**Environmental exposure** 

Vapor pressure : 29.3 kPa (220 mm Hg) [room temperature]

 Vapor density
 : >1 [Air = 1]

 Volatility
 : 100% (v/v)

**Evaporation rate** : >1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Dispersibility properties**: Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray
Heat of combustion : 1.05 kJ/g
Ignition distance : 0 cm
Enclosed space ignition - : 379 s/m³

Time equivalent

Enclosed space ignition - : 1125 g/m<sup>3</sup>

**Deflagration density** 

### 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. open flames, sparks and static

discharge

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: zinc Magnesium. Aluminum.

alkalis oxidizing materials acids Alkaline.

**Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Possibility of hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

# 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
norflurane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1500 g/m³	4 hours
trans-dichloroethylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	24100 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1235 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Chronic toxicity** 

: Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
trans-dichloroethylene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	
methylcyclohexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Sensitizer** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
norflurane	-	-	-	-	-	None.
trans-dichloroethylene	-	-	-	-	-	None.
methylcyclohexane	-	-	-	-	-	None.

#### **Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
trans-dichloroethylene	Acute LC50 220000 to 290000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
methylcyclohexane	Acute LC50 5800 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours

### 12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

#### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
1,2-Dichloroethylene; Ethene, 1,2-dichloro-, (E)-	156-60-5	Listed	U079

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		Use ORM-D Label Pkg. Auth. 173.306  Reportable quantity 8000 lbs / 3632 kg [639.65 gal / 2421.3 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		Use ORM-D Label Pkg. Auth. 173.306 Limited quantity
Mexico Classification	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		Use ORM-D Label Pkg. Auth. 173.306 Limited quantity

# 14. Transport information

ADR/RID Class	1950	Aerosols, non- flammable	2.2	-	2	Tunnel code (E)
IMDG Class	1950	Aerosols, non- flammable	2.2	-	2	-
IATA-DGR Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS (Non-flammable)	2.2	-		Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y963 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y963 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y963

PG\*: Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

**HCS Classification** : Irritating material

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: methylcyclohexane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: trans-dichloroethylene

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

**Class II Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

### 15. Regulatory information

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name		Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	•	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
norflurane	5 - 20	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.
trans-dichloroethylene		Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
methylcyclohexane		Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: DICHLOROETHYLENE-TRANS:

**METHYLCYCLOHEXANE** 

**New York** : The following components are listed: Ethene, trans-1,2-dichloro-; Dichloroethylene The following components are listed: METHYLCYCLOHEXANE; CYCLOHEXANE, **New Jersey** 

METHYL-

**Pennsylvania** The following components are listed: ETHENE, 1,2-DICHLORO-, (E)-; CYCLOHEXANE,

METHYL-

**Canada inventory** International regulations

**International lists** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

**II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

### 16. Other information

**Label requirements** 

: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

**Hazardous Material** Information System (U.S.A.)

1 Health 0 **Flammability** 1 Physical hazards

### 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Version : 2

Prepared by : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.