alpha

Safety Data Sheet

FOR REGULATORY AND SDS QUESTIONS (U.S. AND CANADA): CALL THE PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP LINE 1-908-791-2336 9 AM TO 6 PM ET (Mon-Fri)

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: ALPHA® HiTech™ UP44-5566T
Product code	: 249810
Product type	: Solid.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: February 27 2020.

Manufacturer - Supplier	Telephone no.:	Emergency phone:
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Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Armful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well- ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	Set medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4- isocyanatocyclohexane] and α,α',α''-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]]	30-40	73324-00-2
pentaerythritol tetraacrylate	20-30	4986-89-4
exo-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl acrylate	10-20	5888-33-5
N,N-dimethylacrylamide	1-10	2680-03-7
Proprietary Polymer	1-10	-
Inorganic Fillers	1-10	-
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	1-10	112945-52-5
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	0.1-1.0	162881-26-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eve	contact
	oomaot

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Inorganic Fillers	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).	
	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours.	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2005).	
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 3/2005).	
	TWA: 20 mmppcf 8 hours.	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).	
	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours.	

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some

trols they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

:ye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. [Paste.]
Color	: Pale Yellow.
Odor	: None
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
VOC	: ≸ 39.8 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Aerosol product	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	specific test dat	a related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	e product is stab	le.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	der normal cond	litions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Incompatibility with various substances	n-reactive or cor	or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials. npatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing ible materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture.
Hazardous decomposition products	der normal cond be produced.	litions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
Hazardous polymerization	der normal cond	litions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.						
Acute toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
exo-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2. 1]hept-2-yl acrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4890 mg/kg	-		
N,N-dimethylacrylamide	LD50 Oral	Rat	316 mg/kg	-		
Proprietary Polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>7000 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6000 mg/kg	-		
Inorganic Fillers	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-		
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-		
phenyl bis(2,4, 6-trimethylbenzoyl)- phosphine oxide	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xo-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2. 1]hept-2-yl acrylate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 microliters	-
N,N-dimethylacrylamide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
Inorganic Fillers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

No applicable toxicity data

Additional information:

Classification

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Inorganic Fillers Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	-	3 3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
exo-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl acrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Proprietary Polymer	Category 2	Oral	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information of	on the likely	: Not available.

routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms relate	d to the physical	<u>sical, chemic</u>	<u>al and tox</u> i	cological	characteristics
<u> </u>					

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	fects
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

	Route	ATE value
ļ	Øral	1125.3 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>I OXICITY</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenyl bis(2,4, 6-trimethylbenzoyl)- phosphine oxide	Acute LC50 >90 ppm	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
pentaerythritol tetraacrylate phenyl bis(2,4, 6-trimethylbenzoyl)- phosphine oxide	2.11 5.77	- <5	low low
Mobility in soil			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

Section 13. Disposal considerations

and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information - TDG Classification						

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.
-	TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.
	TSCA 12(b) one-time export notification: No products were found.
	TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or exempted.
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	<u>ı on ingredients</u>
No products were found.	
SARA 311/312	
Classification	: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<u>Canada</u>	
Canada inventory	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
International lists	
Continued on next page	

Section 15. Regulatory information

National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Clas	sification Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: February 27 2020.
Date of previous issue	: January 22 2020.
Version	: 1.02
Prepared by	: Regulatory Affairs Department enthone.msds@macdermidenthone.com
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Continued on next page

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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MacDermid Alpha SDS GHS Americas